The Progress Index -Not only how they work but why and when Michael Lonski

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Who I Am...

Started working with Progress® v3 (1986) Founded Allegro in 1993 Internationally recognized speaker Author of "Coding Smart" book on ADM2 Punster and Frequent Talker Ask me about Capoferro or Giganti

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...And Why I Am Here

Overview index rules
Understand what survives
Don't get too clever
Avoid the unknown
When to do and not to do

What's Next...

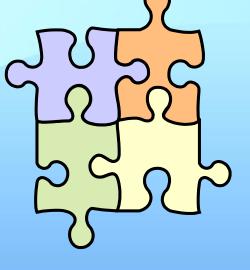
Laying the ground work

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Index Rules Engines

VS

"Rules based"



"Context based"

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Don't Worry About Details

At least, that's what Progress said in a whitepaper on triggers and indexes

The Compiler constructs a logical tree from a query and evaluates both sides of each AND or OR, looking for index criteria. ABL counts equality, range, and sort matches (for OR) and uses them to select and bracket indexes. The precise rules are numerous and complex, and it is not important to fully understand their details.

"ABL Triggers and Indexes" - published for OE10 in 2011

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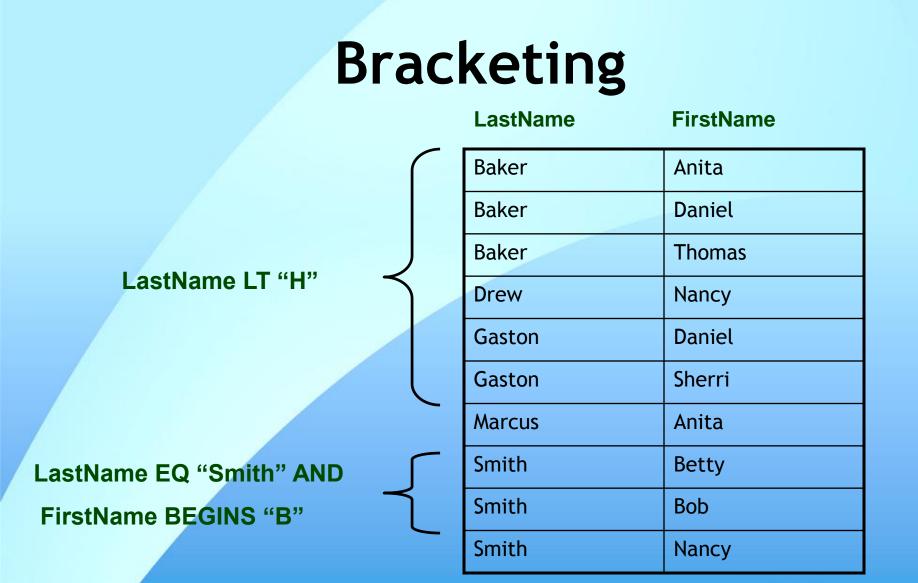
Database Components

Index Bracket

- Set of consecutive entries in an index
- Equality and range brackets

Index Cursor

- Maintained on behalf of client
- Maintains position within an index
- Can have multiple open at same time
- One curser per record buffer per bracket





More Bracketing

LastName **FirstName** Baker Anita Baker Daniel LastName LT "H" AND Baker Thomas FirstName EQ "Daniel" Nancy Drew Daniel Gaston Sherri Gaston Anita Marcus FirstName BEGINS "B" Smith Betty Bob Smith Smith Nancy

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3 Types of ABL Queries

FIND

- V6 and earlier
- FIRST/LAST/NEXT/PREV/CURRENT/CAN-FIND
- Doesn't support multiple-index selection

✤ FOR

- V6 and earlier
- EACH/FIRST/LAST

✤ GET

- V7 and later
- Works with QUERY
- Expected to replace FIND usage



What's Next...

Laying the ground workUnderstanding the rules





Thinning the herd

Expecting the right results



Thinning the Herd

Every index starts as a candidate
* "Tokons" in WUEDE ovoluated

- "Tokens" in WHERE evaluated
- Possible indices are removed as rules are applied
- Elimination rather than selection

Think "last one standing" instead of "first one chosen"

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Hierarchy For A Single Index

- 1. If "CONTAINS", use word-index
 - Sometimes put after #4
- 2. Unique index with all equality matches
 - # of index fields doesn't matter
- 3. Most active equality matches
 - Full matches trump partial matches
- 4. Most active range matches
- 5. Most active sort matches
- 6. The primary index
- 7. First index alphabetically by name
 - Temp-tables go by order of definition

Multiple Index Usage

If indexes are available for both sides of WHERE... AND/OR, more than one index can be used

- Multiple indexes will *only* be used to assist in bracketing* records
- *Can still be a bracket of 1 record
- Return order *not* guaranteed

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WHERE...AND...

 WHERE clause includes the use of AND
 All components of each index are involved in equality matches
 No unique indexes are involved

WHERE...OR...

***WHERE** clause includes the use of **OR**

- Source Both the left and right side of the OR contain at least the lead component of an index
- These lead components are involved in either equality or range matches

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What's Next...

Laying the ground work
Understanding the rules
How it can all go wrong



Ignoring The Engine

USE-INDEX ...

FIND ... WHERE ROWID () EQ ...



Ignoring The Rules

WHERE NOT ...

WHERE <non-indexed field> EQ ...

WHERE ... MATCHES ...

WHERE IF ... THEN ... EQ vcInput ELSE TRUE

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WHERE SUBSTRING (<database field>) EQ "A"

Cleverness Kills

FOR EACH table WHERE unique-field EQ? BY non-unique-field:

Equality queries on unique indices ignore sorting (since only 1 record should be returned)

Use "unique-field GE ?" to change to range match Allearo

Breaking Data

- Ability to have multiple records with "?" unknown value in unique indices is a side effect
- Sorts differently when in an index field vs. non-index field
- Use only EQ and NE in comparisons or face frustration
- See KB 15969 and P4130 for more details

Demo - UniqueProblems.p

🔏 Procedure Editor - C:\Work\Prog10.0A\PUG Pres 🖃 🗖	X
<u>File Edit Search Buffer Compile Tools Options Help</u>	
* 2004-03-15 - MJL - Created file */	^
/** define variables **/ DEFINE VARIABLE vhQryHdl AS HANDLE NO-UNDO.	
/** define & open a static query **/ DEFINE QUERY qryCust FOR customer.	
OPEN QUERY qryCust FOR EACH Customer WHERE Customer.NAME BEGINS "Z" NO-LOCK.	Ш
<pre>/** create, prepare and open a dynamic query **/ CREATE QUERY vhQryHdl.</pre>	
<pre>vhQryHdl:SET-BUFFERS(BUFFER OrderLine:HANDLE). vhQryHdl:QUERY-PREPARE("FOR EACH OrderLine"). vhQryHdl:QUERY-OPEN().</pre>	~



UDF Caused Failures

ASSIGN with index fields *before* a UDF reference caused corruption or error. Cannot execute user defined function '<function>' in an ASSIGN statement after a key field change. (7954) Older KB says it was fixed in 8.3C Recent Progress tech says 10.2B

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Tools To Tell

COMPILE ... XREF ...
VhQry:INDEX-INFORMATION()
LOG-MANAGER
Command line controls

- Run time controls

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What's Next...

Laying the ground work
Understanding the rules
How it can all go wrong
To index or not to index

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Index Pros

Fast bracket access
Sorted access
Foreign key links
Enforce uniqueness
Consider for common queries that need few columns

Index Cons

Takes up space
Can "break" existing code
More updates required
Smaller index may block larger



Use To ID And Control

Primary keys
Unique keys
Foreign keys
Enforce 1-to-1 versus 1-to-many
Commonly needed small brackets



Be Careful With...

High transaction tables
Numerous small indices
Nearly identical multi-field indices



- Index 1 (pu)
 - Cust-num
 - Inv-num
 - Ar-seq
- Index 3
 - Cash-cknum
 - Cust-num
 - Inv-num
 - Ar-seq

- ✤ Index 2 (u?)
 - Inv-num
 - Cust-num
 - Ar-seq
- Index 4
 - Inv-num

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Index 1 (pu)

- Company
- Vendor-num
- Voucher
- Trans-no
- Payment-#

- Index 2
 - Company
 - Voucher
 - Vendor-num
- Index 3
 - Company
 - Vendor-num

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- Voucher



- Index 1 (pu)
 - Batch-num

- ✤ Index 2 (u?)
 - Batch-userid

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- Batch-num

- ✤ Index 1 (pu)
 - Location
 - Bin#
- Index 3 (non-u)
 - Part-num

- Index 2 (u?)
 - Part-num
 - Location

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- Bin#

Index 1 (pu)

- Sales-rep
- Comm-cat
- Cust-num
- From-date
- ✤ Index 3 (u?)
 - Comm-cat
 - Sales-rep
 - Cust-num
 - From-date

- Index 2 (u?)
 - Cust-num
 - Comm-cat
 - Sales-rep
 - From-date

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When To Stop?

When do additional fields stop helping?

- Field 1
- Field 2
- Unique field(s)
- Field 4
- Field 5

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Cleaning Up

Application-wide XREF
Index logging over ~15 months
Disable and wait for pain



Now that I've rambled on, are there any questions?





PUGCentral.org for files

Thanks for attending...

