Beginner's guide to

continuous integration

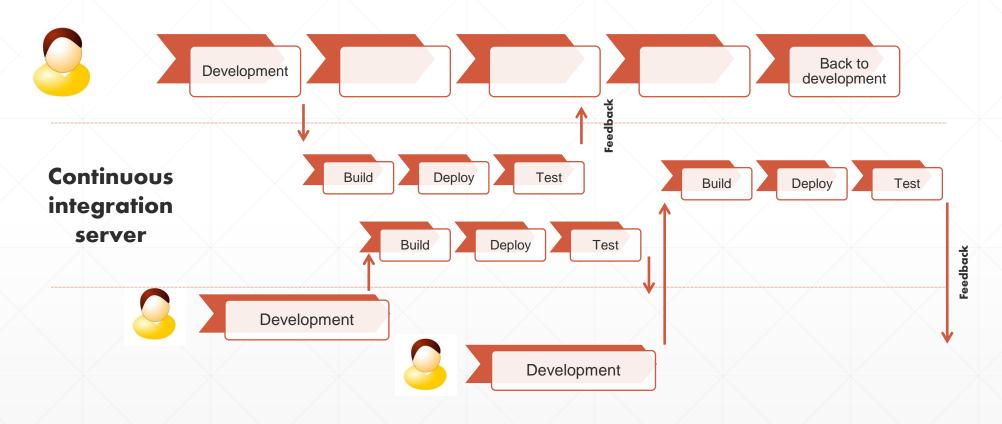
Gilles QUERRET • Riverside Software • US PUG Challenge 2013

What's continuous integration?

- Build, deployment and tests are long and boring tasks
- Development cycles are shorter, but integration is still long
- Continuous integration is a set of tools and techniques to automate those tasks, and provide notifications as soon as possible



Continuous integration overview



Continuous integration advantages

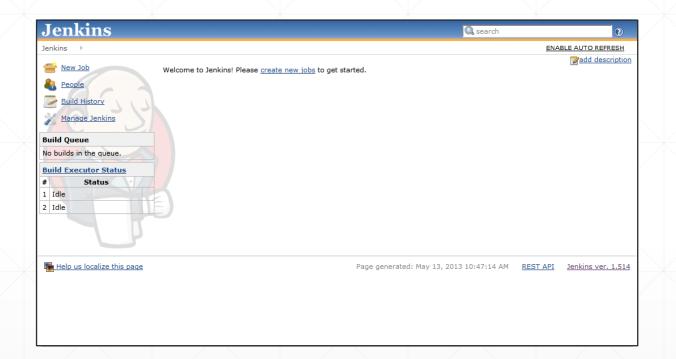
- Fix problems as soon as possible
- Save valuable time for developers
- Confidence in what's released
- Higher project quality

Continuous integration process

- Check out from source code repository
- Build project
- Execute unit tests
- Deploy to target system
- Full tests (optional)
- Provide feedback

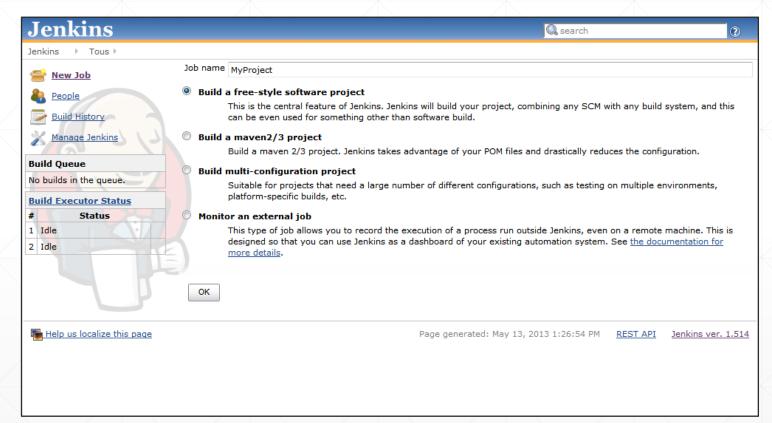
Let's start!

- Go to http://jenkins-ci.org
- Download Jenkins WAR file
- Execute WAR file
- Go to http://localhost:8080



A new job in Jenkins

- Create a new job
- Choose a job name and select « Free-style project »
- Then click « OK »



New job: source code repository

 Select the source code repository for your project

- CVS and Subversion by default
- Mercurial, Git, Perforce and so on available as plugins



New job: build steps

- Default build steps are :
 - Windows batch command / Shell script
 - Maven
 - Ant



New job: explanation of existing build steps

- Windows batch commands / Shell scripts :
 - Hard to maintain, not portable, rely on hand-crafted tools for OpenEdge
- Maven :
 - The new default build system for Java OpenSource
 - Convention over configuration, dependencies management
- Ant :
 - The old default build system for Java (but still widely used, and not only for Java) OpenSource and stable since more than 10 years
 - XML syntax (can be cumbersome), repeatable builds, LOTS of build tasks

Using Ant with OpenEdge

- Ant provides a nice structure to add your plugins
- PCT is an Ant open source plugin for OpenEdge
- Started almost exactly 10 years ago!
- Handles the most common OpenEdge related tasks :
 - Database management (create DB, dump/load DF files, dump/load data, ...)
 - Build (r-code from .w/.p.cls, SpeedScript, ...)
 - Libraries (PL management, diff between PL, ...)
 - Procedure execution (with propath, DB connections, options, ...)

```
<target name="dist" depends="build">
<mkdir dir="dist" />
<PCTLibrary destFile="dist/sports.pl" baseDir="build" dlcHome="${DLC}" />
<zip destFile="dist/sports.zip">
      <fileset dir="dist" includes="*.pl" />
      <fileset dir="resources" includes="**/*.jpg" />
      </zip>
</target>
```

Back to Jenkins

- Just add an Ant build step, executing « dist » target.
- Dependencies between tasks will take care of creating database and compiling code
- Build file name is not provided: default is build.xml
- Notice we can pass properties as parameters : multiple jobs can use the same build script with different values

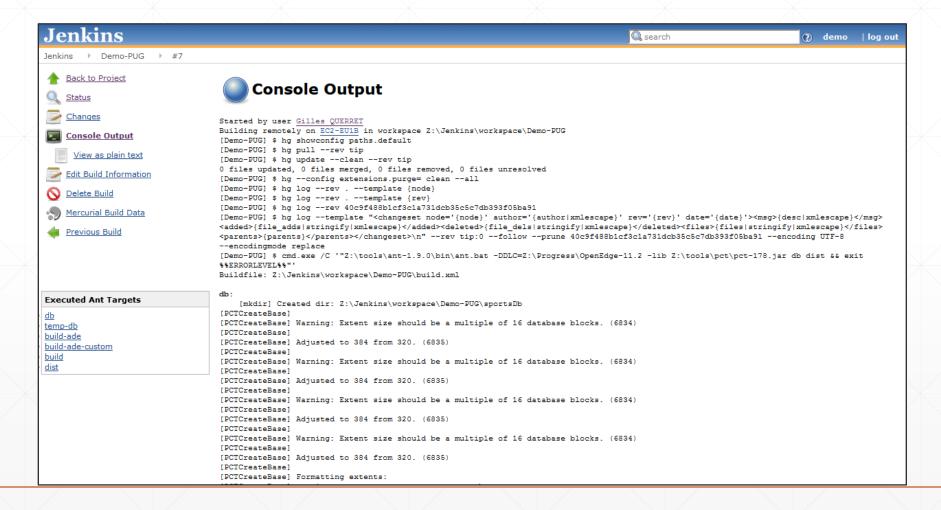


Job configuration page

- Archiving build output
- As a convention, the 'dist' directory contains build artifacts



Execute first build



And now?

- Build pipeline
- Automated tests using the REST adapter
- Slaves
- Deployment to virtual machines
- Manage dependencies
- Dashboard view
- Source code analysis

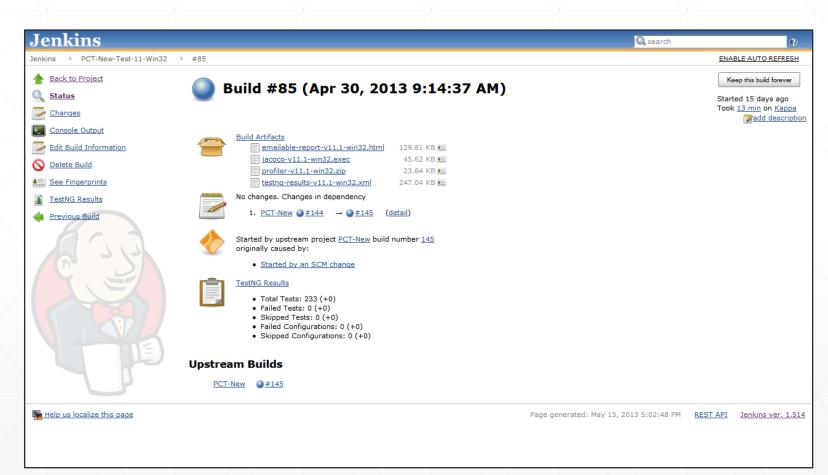
Build pipeline

- Dependencies between jobs
- Unit tests are triggered by the main job
- Followed by a deployment to virtual machines



Automated tests

- Tests are executed just after the build
- Under Win32, OE 11.2, but different configurations are being used
- See Mike Fechner package for unit tests
- Or have a look at Prounit
- Or use API on appservers, with OpenAPI or REST adapter



Slaves

- Public Jenkins instance for Apache Software foundation manages more than 300 jobs
- With so many jobs, you need to dispatch them on different machines
- Jenkins provides a simple yet powerful master/slave mechanism, where jobs can be assigned to slaves, while the UI (configuration and reports) are still on the master server
- Extremely useful not only to dispatch load, but also to test on different configurations

Deploy to virtual machines

- Snapshot is your best friend
- Define snapshots for various configuration (OpenEdge, OS, and other requirements)
- When a build is completed, use the VIX (or EC2) API to :
 - Restore to snapshot
 - Copy artifacts to virtual machine
 - Execute your installer (or upgrade process)
 - Pause your virtual machine (or not !)

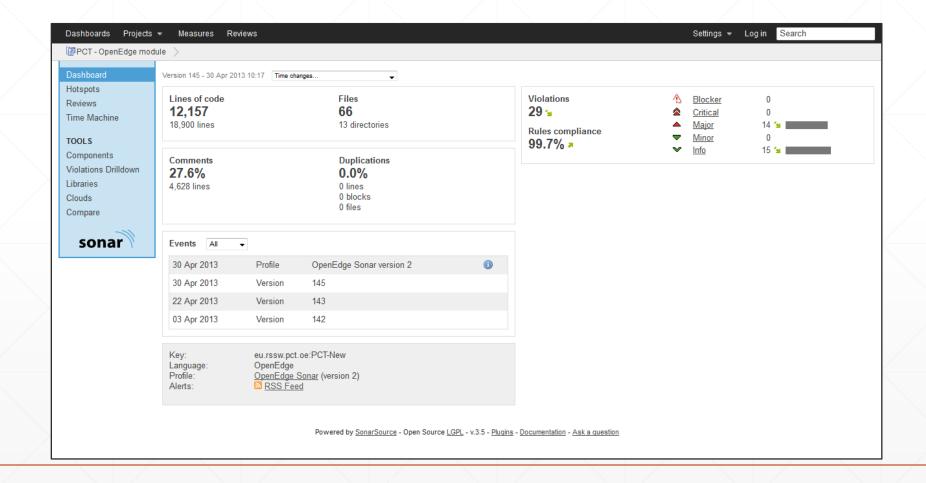
Manage dependencies

- Keep your builds small
- Build artifacts can be kept in Jenkins, or uploaded to an artifact repository
- Grab dependencies when building downstream jobs (copy artifacts Jenkins plugin or download from artifact repository)
- During development, download them from Jenkins or artifact repository
- Define requirements: OpenEdge, Sonic, ... which shouldn't be managed by the repository

Dashboard view

CppTools #572	DeleteOldPipelineData #783	Grouper-calibration #664	Grouper-demonstrator #1293	Grouper-event-detection- vhdl-test #65	Grouper-performance-events- aeroflex #50
Grouper-performance-events #117	Grouper-performance-test #485	Grouper-rpm-release #14	Grouper-rpm-tag #162	Grouper-rpm #580	Grouper-selenium #363
Grouper-update-test #139	GrouperDevserve #659	GrouperOnBlade- all_recipies #573	GrouperOnBlade- memleak_system_test #645	GrouperProd #858	GrouperTrunk- event_data_system_test #1057
GrouperTrunk-multiplex_system_test #385	GrouperTrunk- raw_data_system_test #1045	GrouperTrunk-system_test #2300	GrouperTrunk- system_test_aeroflex #544	GrouperTrunk-weekend-test #38	GrouperTrunk #3632
Grouper_ADLINK_all_sample_rates #341	PaddleFish-rpm #386	PaddleFish #395	SampleCPP #405	SystemBoard #708	barracuda-lite-prerelease-2.0 #341
barracuda-lite-trunk #331	barracuda-prerelease-71.0 #46	barracuda-trunk #1082	barramundi-prerelease-1.0 #702	blackfin-prerelease-5.0 #46	blackfin-trunk #66
conger-peakdetector-system-test #237	conger-pipeline-trunk- memleak #683	conger-pipeline-trunk #1650	conger-rpm-tag #56	conger-trunk #912	fast5tools #1376
grouper-api-prerelease-0.5 #331	grouper-api-trunk #493	moray-pipeline-trunk #415	moray-prerelease-10.0 #1	ont-hdf5-prerelease-1.0 #26	stickleback-prerelease-018 #543
stickleback-trunk #562	swordfish-prerelease-3.0 #128	swordfish-stable #105			

Source code analysis



Questions?

References

Ant : http://ant.apache.org

PCT : http://code.google.com/p/pct

Jenkins : http://jenkins-ci.org